



## TABLE OF CONTENTS

- **Description** **p.1**
- **Editorial Board** **p.2**
- **Guide for Authors** **p.4**



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## DESCRIPTION

*Health SA Gesondheid - Journal of Interdisciplinary Health Sciences* is an open access, peer-reviewed interdisciplinary and interprofessional scholarly journal that aims to promote communication, collaboration and teamwork between professions and disciplines within the health sciences to address problems that cross and affect disciplinary boundaries.

*Health SA Gesondheid - Journal of Interdisciplinary Health Sciences* publishes original articles on issues related to public health, including implications for practical applications and service delivery that are of concern and relevance to Africa and other developing countries. It facilitates the gathering and critical testing of insights and viewpoints on knowledge from different disciplines involved in health service delivery.

The journal offers the breadth of outlook required to promote health science education, research and professional practice.

### **Unique features distinguishing this journal:**

Health SA Gesondheid - Journal of Interdisciplinary Health Sciences explores issues and posits solutions to current challenges existing in health care from an interdisciplinary perspective within Africa and other developing countries, including but not limited to:

- improvement of health safety and service delivery
- management and measurement of health services
- evaluation and assessment of health care needs
- prevention of ill health and health-affecting behaviours
- promotion of healthy lifestyles
- health security, economics, policy and regulations.

The journal has a strong regional focus (South Africa) with abstracts published in English. It offers a nurturing environment for young and novice researchers to showcase their work whilst upholding the standards of health science education, research and professional practice.

*Health SA Gesondheid* with its interdisciplinary scope attracts interest from a wide audience of scientists and health professionals working in the areas of health care management, health care economics, policy making, nursing, psychology, sociology, ethics and education.

After publication in Health SA Gesondheid, the complete text of each article is deposited immediately and permanently archived in major bibliographic databases:

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Submissions in English (full article) will be accepted.

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## GUIDE FOR AUTHORS

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### INTRODUCTION

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Health SA Gesondheid is an open access journal: all articles will be immediately and permanently free for everyone to read and download. University of Johannesburg charges a publication fee of R 1050 (South African Rand) per published page (PDF format) excluding taxes (also known as an article publishing charge APC) which needs to be paid by the authors or on their behalf e.g. by their research funder or institution. If accepted for publication in the journal following peer-review, authors will be notified of this decision and requested to pay the article processing charge in due time. Following payment of this charge, the article will be published by University of Johannesburg in Health SA Gesondheid which is made freely available at no further charge through ScienceDirect (Open Access). No article will be published until page fees are paid in full and proof of payment has been received by the Editorial Office.

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## PREPARATION

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**Health SA Gesondheid** publishes:

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Should report relevant original research not published before, in the following format:

- Word limit: 5000 words (excluding the abstract and references).
- Abstract: structured up to 250 words to include a Background, Methods, Results and Conclusions.
- References: 40 or less.
- Tables and figures: no more than 7 Tables/Figure

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- Tables/Figures: A maximum of 1 figure or table.
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- Ensure that there is a clear message in the conclusion.

## Article structure

### Subdivision - numbered sections

Divide your article into clearly defined and numbered sections. Subsections should be numbered 1.1 (then 1.1.1, 1.1.2, ...), 1.2, etc. (the abstract is not included in section numbering). Use this numbering also for internal cross-referencing: do not just refer to 'the text'. Any subsection may be given a brief heading. Each heading should appear on its own separate line.

### Introduction

State the objectives of the work and provide an adequate background, avoiding a detailed literature survey or a summary of the results. The introduction should include the following:

- Research problem statement
- Purpose (aims) and objectives
- Definitions of key concepts

### *Material and methods*

Provide sufficient detail to allow the work to be reproduced. Methods already published should be indicated by a reference: only relevant modifications should be described.

### *Theory/calculation*

A Theory section should extend, not repeat, the background to the article already dealt with in the Introduction and lay the foundation for further work. In contrast, a Calculation section represents a practical development from a theoretical basis.

### *Results and Findings*

Results should be clear and concise.

### *Discussion*

This should explore the significance of the results of the work, not repeat them. A combined Results and Discussion section is often appropriate. Avoid extensive citations and discussion of published literature.

### *Conclusions, Limitations & Recommendations for Future Research*

The main conclusions of the study may be presented in a short Conclusions section, which may stand alone or form a subsection of a Discussion or Results and Discussion section.

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If there is more than one appendix, they should be identified as A, B, etc. Formulae and equations in appendices should be given separate numbering: Eq. (A.1), Eq. (A.2), etc.; in a subsequent appendix, Eq. (B.1) and so on. Similarly for tables and figures: Table A.1; Fig. A.1, etc.

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Reference to a journal publication:

Van der Geer, J., Hanraads, J. A. J., & Lupton, R. A. (2010). The art of writing a scientific article. *Journal of Scientific Communications*, 163, 51–59.

Reference to a book:

Strunk, W., Jr., & White, E. B. (2000). *The elements of style*. (4th ed.). New York: Longman, (Chapter 4).

Reference to a chapter in an edited book:

Mettam, G. R., & Adams, L. B. (2009). How to prepare an electronic version of your article. In B. S. Jones, & R. Z. Smith (Eds.), *Introduction to the electronic age* (pp. 281–304). New York: E-Publishing Inc.

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- E-mail address
- Full postal address

All necessary files have been uploaded, and contain:

- Keywords
- All figure captions
- All tables (including title, description, footnotes)

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- References are in the correct format for this journal
- All references mentioned in the Reference list are cited in the text, and vice versa
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